Investment in HIV prevention and testing in England

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Who are NAT?

The UK's leading charity dedicated to transforming society's response to HIV (since 1987)

Our goals:

Equitable access to treatment, care & support



Eradication of HIV-related stigma and discrimination



Early diagnosis of HIV



Effective HIV prevention



Enhanced understanding of HIV





Introduction: HIV prevention and testing in a wider public health context

Deborah Gold

Chief Executive, NAT

HIV commissioning responsibilities post-2013



Health and Social Care Act 2012:

Local authorities responsible for:

- Open access sexual health clinic services
- HIV prevention services
- HIV testing services

NHS bodies responsible for:

- HIV treatment and care
- HIV testing when clinically indicated

NAT's 2015 report



Data from all local authorities in England with a high prevalence of HIV

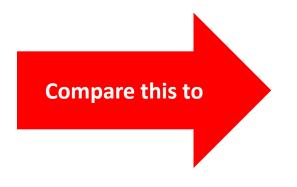
Reported what local authorities spent on **primary HIV prevention** and HIV testing.



What we found in 2015



We estimated: around **£10 million** was spent per year on HIV prevention and testing in local authorities with a high prevalence of HIV.



£55 million in 2001/02

£38 million in 2005/06

Since then...



Public health budget cut in-year by
 £200m in 2015/16

Further year-on-year cuts of 3.9%

PrEP trial

What we said at the time of the cuts



"The proposed in-year cut of £200 million from the public health budget will inevitably mean a cut to clinical services ...

Cuts to public health budgets will increase further the burden of disease and ill-health and undermine efforts to secure a sustainable NHS."



The NHS England Five Year Forward View:

"...the future health of millions of children, the sustainability of the NHS, and the economic prosperity of Britain all now depend on a radical upgrade in prevention and public health."





The Health Committee:

"Failing to promote prevention with sufficient vigour will mean increasing operational and financial pressure on the NHS."

"Cuts to public health are a false economy. The Government must commit to protecting funding for public health. Not to do so will have negative consequences for current and future generations and risks widening health inequalities."





The Lords Committee on the Long-Term Sustainability of the NHS:

"...continued failure to both protect and enhance the public health budget is not only short-sighted but counter-productive...

The Government should restore the funds which have been cut in recent years and maintain ring-fenced national and local public health budgets, for at least the next ten years..."

An uncertain future for public health



- Local authority cuts
- April 2019: end of the public health ringfence
- 100% business rates retention

And an uncertain future for HIV prevention



- Cuts are having an impact on HIV prevention and testing
- PrEP?
- Infrastructure and expertise
- Can we afford to do intensive, targeted interventions?

2016 survey



 A follow-up survey on investment in HIV prevention and testing

 Went to all areas across the UK

151 upper tier or unitary local authorities in England





Thank you!

We would like to take this opportunity to thank all of those who responded to our information request.

Today's data



UK investment in HIV prevention 2015/16 and 2016/17

Exec summaries available today on the NAT stand

Full report: w/c 12 June 2017

www.nat.org.uk





UK investment in HIV prevention 2015/16 and 2016/17

Report findings

Kat Smithson
Senior Policy and Campaigns Manager
NAT

What we did



- FOI requests
- Expenditure on primary HIV prevention and HIV testing (excluding sexual health clinic testing) for 2015/16 and 2016/17

Primary HIV prevention: Services which have as an exclusive aim or as one of their primary aims the prevention of HIV transmission and as their intended recipients people identified as at significant risk of acquiring HIV.

Testing: We include in this definition HIV testing services directly commissioned by local authorities but excluding those provided by GU/sexual health clinics.

How the data was provided



Intervention type	Service Description and other information (e.g. description of KPIs)	Expenditure in 2015/16	Is this contract commissioned for 2016/17 and if so what is the value of the contract
Primary HIV prevention (health promotion activity) for:			
Men who have sex with men (MSM)			
BME groups			
Other (please specify)			
HIV testing services (not including sexual health clinic services)			
Primary care			
Secondary care			
Community (if targeting specific groups, please describe)			
Home sampling			

Key issues and trends



Target groups were often not specified

"Outreach Programme that provides health education and HIV prevention messages, targeting specifically high risk individuals that include MSM and BME groups in local areas of high HIV prevalence. Facilitates the sign up to specific free condom schemes for MSM & BME as appropriate."

A London borough programme commissioned at £25,000 in 2015/16.

Key issues and trends



Contracts also included HIV support services

"HIV Prevention and Support annual contract value 2016/17 £156,810 (one contract to provide HIV prevention and support)"

Local authority in north east England

Key issues and trends



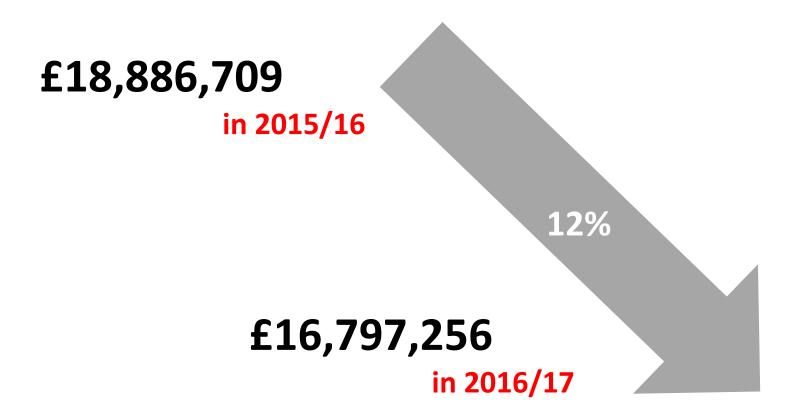
 HIV prevention was part of an integrated sexual health service (ISHS)

"...commissioned an Integrated Sexual Health Service (ISHS) through a Prime Provider model, therefore the content of the contract and the budget has been incorporated into the ISHS service specification. The ISHS are subcontracting the third sector provider..."

Local authority in north west England

UK spending on HIV prevention and testing





England





Reported spend on primary HIV prevention and testing in England:

£17,765,825 in 2015/16 £15,805,738 in 2016/17

Includes:

- Local authority spending
- National HIV Prevention Programme
- London HIV Prevention Programme

England – local authority spending 2015/16



Total spend: £14,165,825

Proportion including HIV support services: 26%

41 local authorities reported <u>no expenditure</u>, **but 16** of those said that these services were within their ISHS

England local authority spending 2016/17



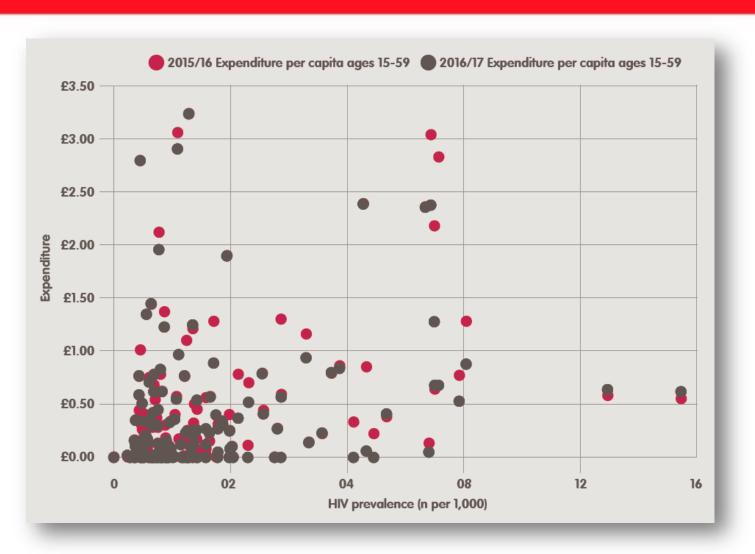
Total spend: £12,355,738

Proportion including HIV support services: 28%

53 local authorities reported <u>no expenditure</u>, **but**23 of those said that these services were within their ISHS

England local authority spending 2016/17





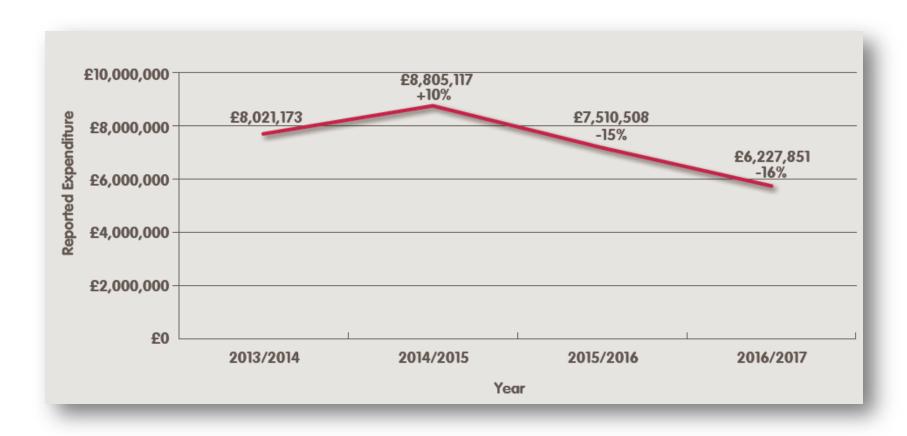
Average per cap expenditure:

£0.51 in 2015/16

£0.44 in 2016/17

High prevalence areas

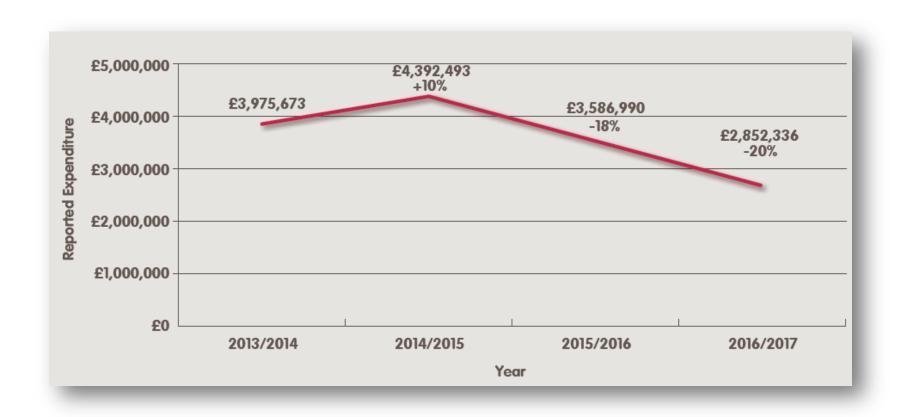




29% reduction in LA expenditure in two years

High prevalence areas – London only





35% reduction in London LA expenditure in two years

London health promotion

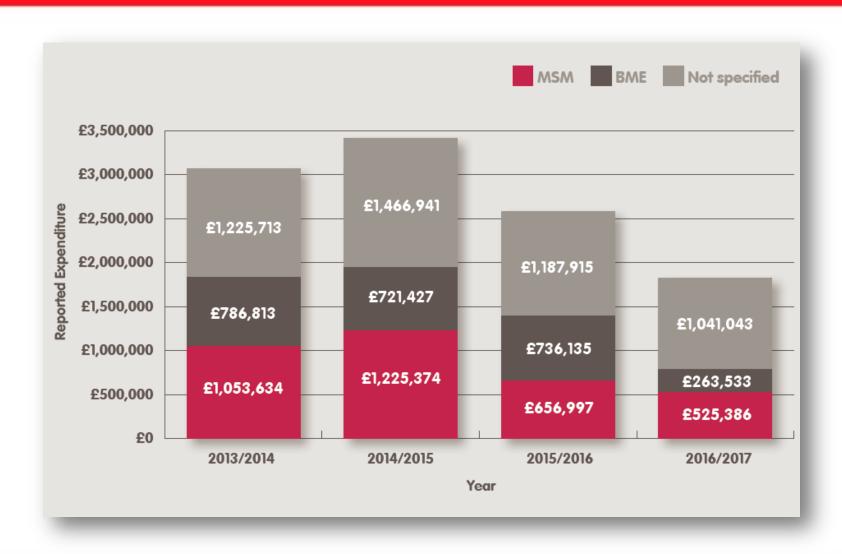


Proportion of London LAs commissioning health promotion for HIV prevention:

91% in 2015/17 and 84% in 2016/17

London health promotion





Health promotion in the rest of England



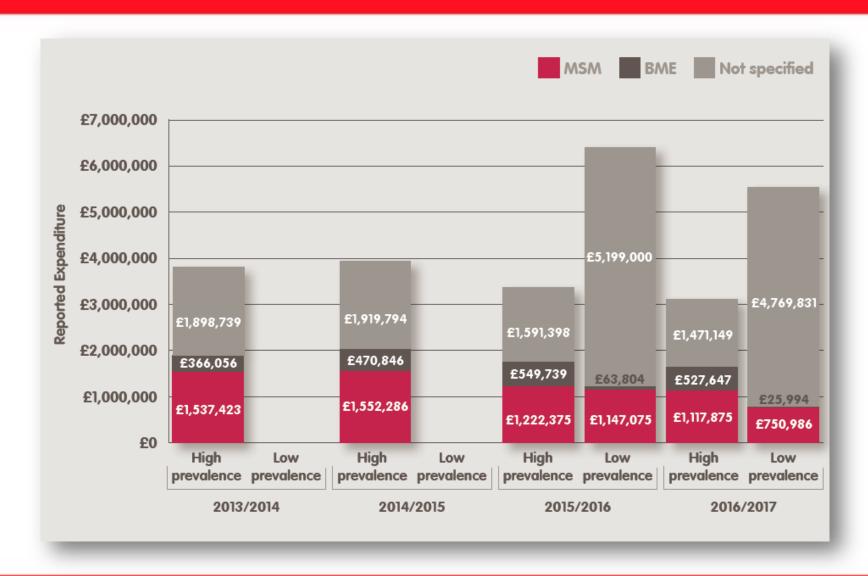
Proportion of LAs commissioning health promotion for HIV prevention:

66% in 2015/17 and 55% in 2016/17

(77% in 2015/16 and 65% in 2016/17 of LAs with a high prevalence of HIV)

Health promotion in the rest of England





HIV testing in London

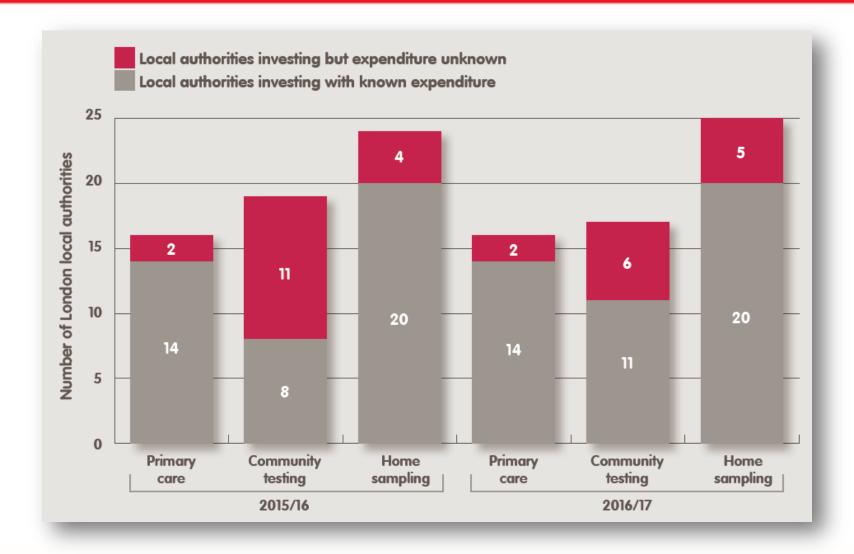


Proportion of LAs in London commissioning HIV testing services:

88% in 2015/17 and 84% in 2016/17

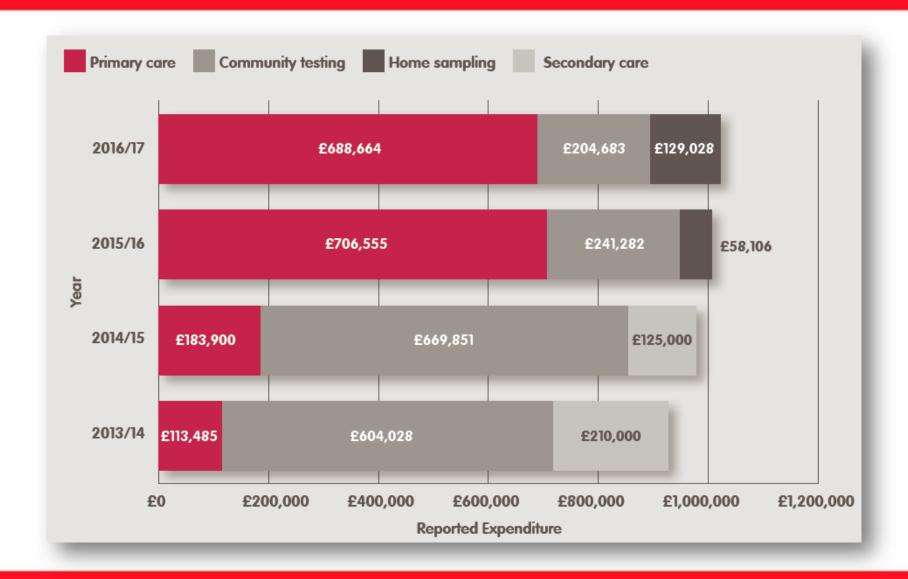
HIV testing in London





HIV testing in London





HIV testing in the rest of England



Proportion of LAs commissioning HIV testing services:

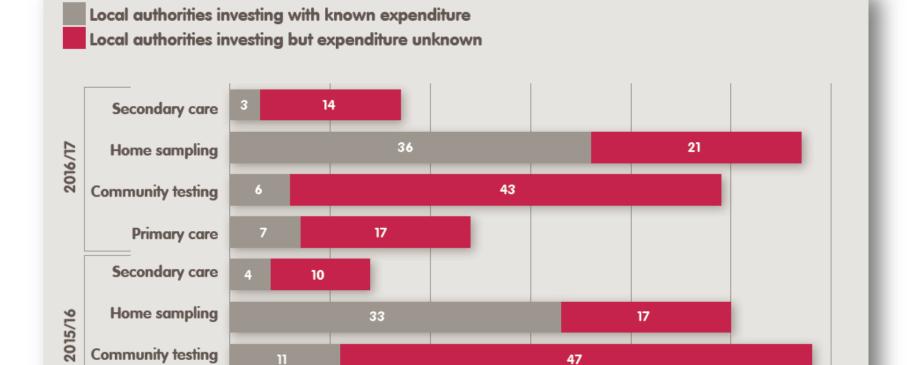
72% in 2015/17 and 70% in 2016/17

(85% in 2015/16 and 81% in 2016/17 of LAs with a high prevalence of HIV)

HIV testing in the rest of England

Primary care

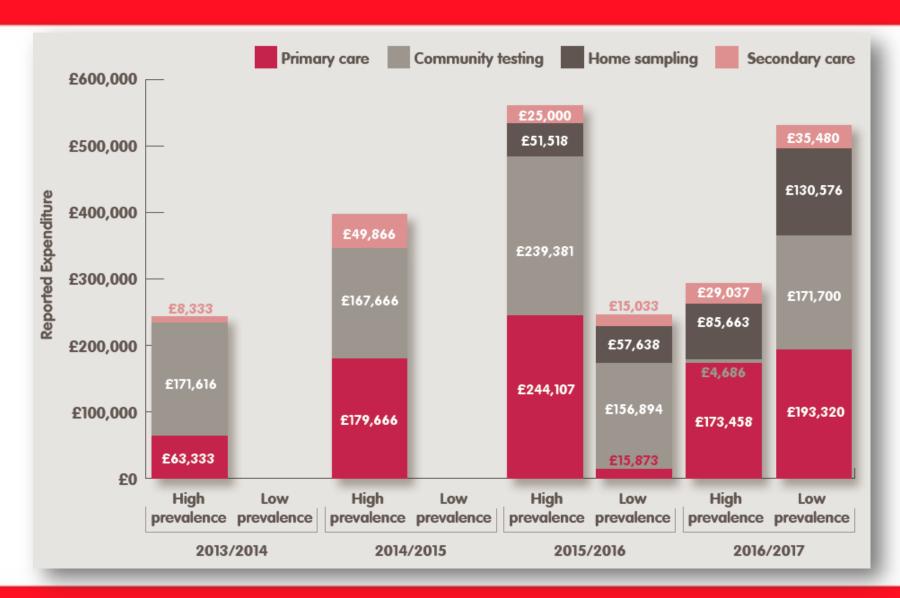




Number of local authorities

HIV testing in the rest of England



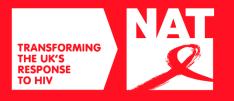


Conclusions



- In high prevalence areas overall expenditure is down by around a third
- Contracts are being consolidated and cut
- The National HIV Prevention Programme and the London HIV Prevention - increasingly significant role simply because the local investment is shrinking.
- These programmes are important but cannot substitute for consistent needs-based services at a local level.

Discussion



Consolidation of services – what are the risks?

- Risks to accountability?
- •How do we do more/better with less?
- What does combined HIV prevention look like in a world with PrEP?



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SHAPING ATTITUDES



CHALLENGING INJUSTICE



CHANGING LIVES

